

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR THE IMPORTATION OF BREEDER CATTLE FROM AUSTRALIA

1. The cattle must be accompanied by a Health Certificate issued by a government veterinary officer approved by the Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment, Australia:
 - a. Australia is free from the following diseases:
 1. **Foot and mouth disease**
 2. **Rinderpest**
 3. **Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia**
 4. **Lumpy skin diseases**
 5. **bovine brucellosis**
 6. **Surra**
 7. **Bovine tuberculosis (*Mycobacterium bovis*)**
 8. **Bovine viral diarrhea virus 2**
 9. **malignant catarrhal fever (alcelaphine herpesvirus-1)**
 - b. That the cattle originate from farms where there were no reported cases of the following for the past one year prior to the movement and animals are free from clinical signs of these diseases at the time of export:
 1. **Enzootic Bovine Leucosis**
 2. **Anthrax**
 3. **Bluetongue virus (clinical)**
 - c. That the cattle originate from farms which, to the best of the knowledge and belief of the signing veterinarian, there were no identified cases of the following diseases for the past one (1) year prior to the movement and the animals are not demonstrating clinical signs of these diseases at the time of export
 1. **Q Fever**
 2. **Bovine encephalomyelitis (*Chlamydia pecorum*)**
 3. **Bovine genital campylobacteriosis**
 4. **Babesiosis (*Babesia bovis* and *Babesia bigemina*)**
 5. **Trichomoniasis**

- d. That the animals for export were vaccinated against bovine viral diarrhoea (BVDV) with a registered inactivated vaccine according to the manufacturer's recommendations at least 30 days prior to export;

OR

The animals for export were tested for BVDV using antigen capture ELISA with negative results

- e. That the animals for export were vaccinated against Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis/Infectious Pustular Vulvovaginitis with a registered vaccine according to manufacturer's recommendation at least 30 days prior to export
 - f. That the animals for export have not been vaccinated for bluetongue virus using a live vaccine.
 - g. The exported cattle underwent 30-day pre export isolation period in premises approved by the Australian Government
2. During pre-export isolation, the animals were tested, treated and/or vaccinated as follows:
- a. Veterinary authorities must certify that the animals were tested negative for the following diseases during the pre-export isolation period:
 - 1. **Johne's Disease** – ELISA and/or PCR
 - 2. **Bluetongue** – ELISA and/or PCR
(Animals tested positive for ELISA must be further tested for PCR)
 - 3. **Enzootic Bovine Leucosis** – ELISA and/or PCR
(Pooling of 10 samples may be allowed)
 - 4. **Q Fever** – ELISA and/or PCR
 - 5. **Bovine Viral Diarrhoea** – antigen capture ELISA (if the animals for export have not been vaccinated against BVD)
 - b. That the cattle have been vaccinated with a Trivalent Tick Fever vaccine at least fourteen (14) days prior to export;
 - c. That the cattle tested negative with a microscopic agglutination test (MAT) for *Leptospira hardjo* and *pomona* serotypes **OR**

The animals were given an injection of Oxytetracycline at a dose of 20 mg/kg **OR**

The animals were vaccinated for *Leptospira pomona* and *Leptospira hardjo* following the manufacturer's recommendations during the isolation period

- d. That the cattle for export have been treated with a registered anthelmintic used according to manufacturer's recommendations.
 - e. That the cattle for export were treated with a registered acaricide using manufacturer's recommendations
3. That the animals for export were inspected 72 hours prior to export by an Australian Government accredited veterinarian or a Government Veterinarian and showed no clinical signs of infectious and contagious diseases, including external parasites, and were fit to travel
 4. That the animals for export have been transported directly from pre-export isolation facility to point of embarkation
 5. The fodder loaded on the vessel is of Australian origin and does not originate from farms subject to quarantine for a notifiable livestock disease.

Additional Requirements (excluded in the Australian Government certification but must be complied by the importer/exporter)

1. Pedigree details must be provided by the exporter. Documents must be accompanied in the shipment of the cattle
2. No animal or other ruminants shall be permitted aboard the vessel or aircraft from another country during the time when the animals are on board the ship or aircraft.
3. That no stops or ports of call are permitted while the animals are on board the vessel/aircraft during transit, without the official approval from the Philippine Government.
4. Should any of the above mentioned diseases as mentioned in Item 2.a. be confirmed on board the ship/aircraft while the animals are in transit, the said vessel shall not be permitted to dock at the port of entry and the animals therein shall not be unloaded but shall be disposed of:
 - a. by returning the animals to the point of origin;
 - b. by killing or destroying the animals on board and burning and burying their carcasses in an isolated place to be designated by the Director of Animal

Industry

- c. Australian government authorities will also be informed should any incident similar to this will occur
5. If the animals, upon arrival at the port of entry, do not meet Philippine import conditions, the animals will be unloaded and the biosecurity hazards managed in consultation with the Philippines, Australian Exporter and Australian Government. The owner of the animals in the Philippines will be held liable for the proposer disposition of the animals.
 6. If the animals, upon arrival at the port of entry, are found after the inspection by the representative of the Bureau to comply with the Philippine import health requirements, as detailed in the health certificate, the following requirements shall be complied with accordingly
 - a. that a landing permit shall be issued by the representative of the Bureau of Animal Industry for the animals;
 - b. that the animals shall be unloaded to a truck or trailer and transported immediately to any place, that the Director of Animal Industry may designate, where the animals may be placed under quarantine for a period of at least thirty (30) days from the date of their arrival depending upon the condition of the animals;
 - c. that the animals shall not be removed from the location of quarantine while undergoing the isolation period;
 - d. that the animals while in quarantine should be subjected to periodic inspection and serological testing on all of the abovementioned diseases in *Item 2.a* by the authorized representative of the Director of Animal Industry, and if found positive, biosecurity hazards will be managed according to the disease detected in consultation with Australian exporter, Philippine importer and the Australian Government. The Philippine importer is the liable party.
 - e. Animals that have been vaccinated against Johne's Disease can react with false positive resulted to delayed hypersensitivity testing for bovine tuberculosis and serological testing for antibodies to *Mycobacterium paratuberculosis subsp. Avium*
 - f. test kits and other testing materials not available in the Animal Disease Diagnostic and Reference Laboratory (ADDRL) shall be provided by the

importer

- g. in case ADDRL is not capable to do the tests, the laboratory samples collected under quarantine shall be sent to a third-party laboratory;
 - h. that the amount of the test shall be borne by the importer;
 - i. should any of the above-mentioned disease break out after the animals are loaded, all the infected animals are to be condemned, burned and/or buried at the expense of the owner. No compensation shall be paid for any animal destroyed.
6. That upon termination of the quarantine period, the removal of the animal shall be made by the duly authorized by the Director of Animal Industry.

This permit is subject to cancellation should any dangerous communicable animal disease break out at the place of origin, or maybe revoked at any time before the expiry date if the interest of the government so requires.